

# World Energy Outlook

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Istanbul, 15 December 2017

## Tipping the energy world off its axis

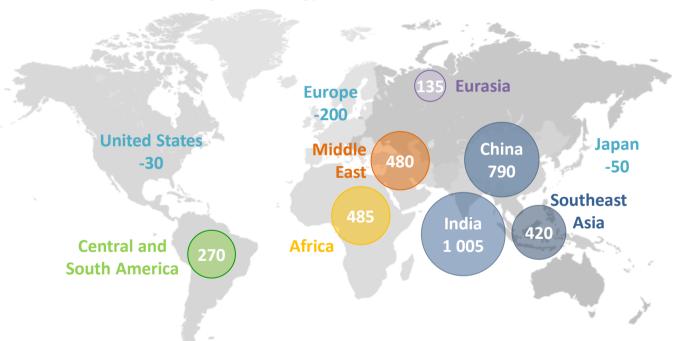


- Four large-scale upheavals in global energy set the scene for the new Outlook:
  - > The United States is turning into the undisputed global leader for oil & gas
  - Solar PV is on track to be the cheapest source of new electricity in many countries
  - China's new drive to "make the skies blue again" is recasting its role in energy
  - > The future is electrifying, spurred by cooling, electric vehicles & digitalisation
- These changes brighten the prospects for affordable, sustainable energy & require a reappraisal of approaches to energy security
- There are many possible pathways ahead & many potential pitfalls if governments or industry misread the signs of change

#### India takes the lead, as China energy growth slows





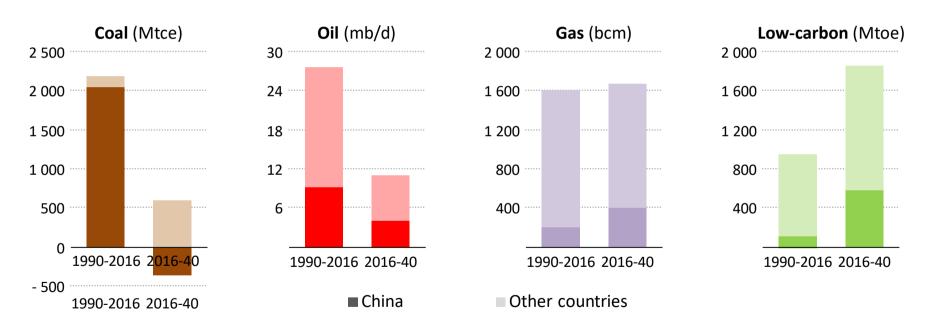


Old ways of understanding the world of energy are losing value as countries change roles: the Middle East is fast becoming a major energy consumer & the United States a major exporter

#### A ascablina matices. global energy markets, again



#### Change in world energy demand by fuel

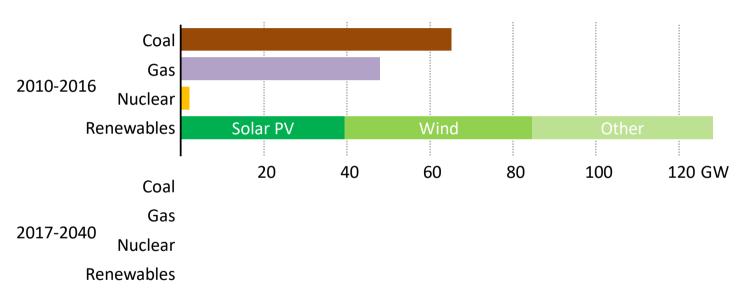


Low-carbon sources & natural gas meet 85% of the increase in global demand: China's switch to a new economic model & a cleaner energy mix drives global trends

### Solar PV forges ahead in the global power mix



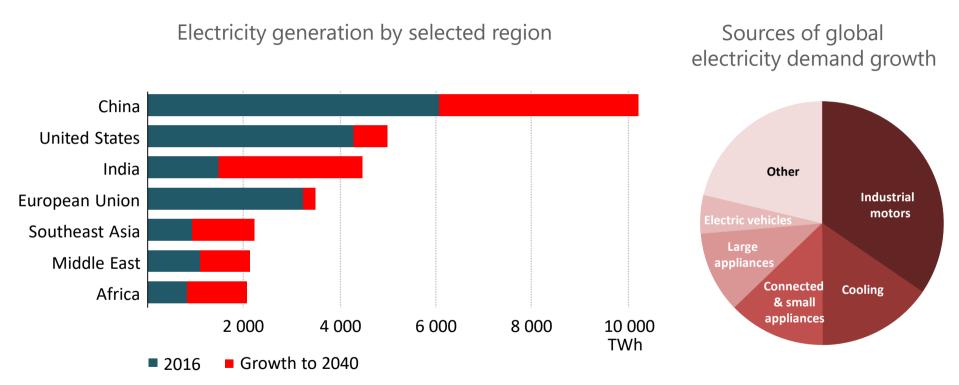




China, India & the US lead the charge for solar PV, while Europe is a frontrunner for onshore & offshore wind: rising shares of solar & wind require more flexibility to match power demand & supply

### The future is electrifying

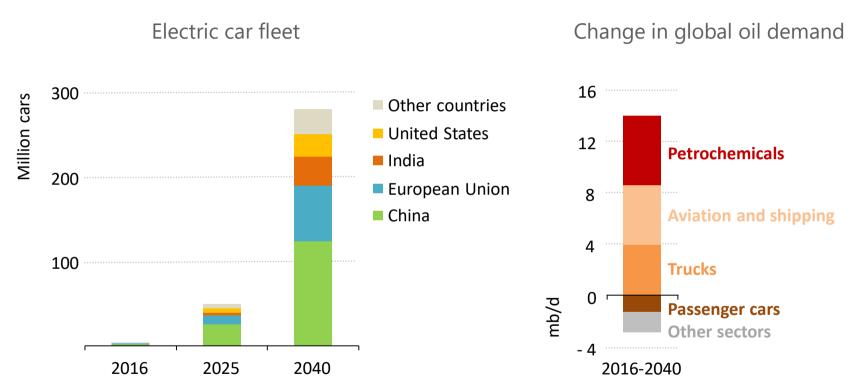




India adds the equivalent of today's European Union to its electricity generation by 2040, while China adds the equivalent of today's United States

#### EVs are on the way, but oil demand still keeps rising



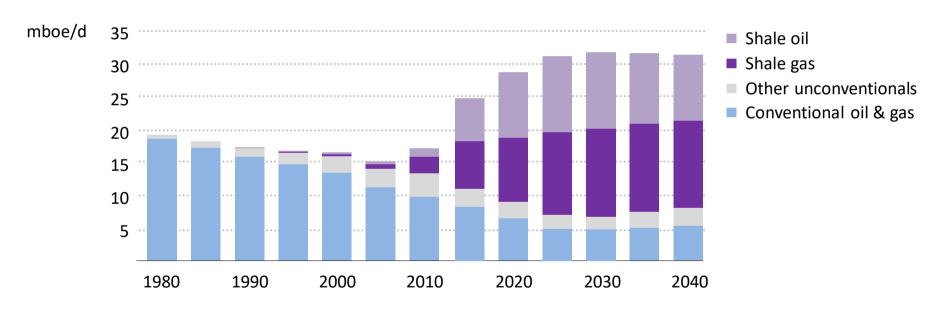


Electric cars are helping to transform energy use for passenger cars, slowing the pace of growth in global oil demand: however, trucks, aviation, shipping & petrochemicals keep oil on a rising trend

#### US becomes undisputed leader of oil & gas production



Oil and gas production in the United States

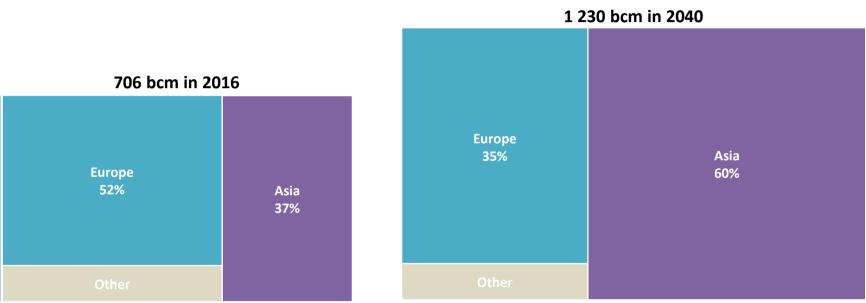


The US is already switching to become a net exporter of gas & becomes a net exporter of oil in the 2020s, helped also by the demand-side impact of fuel efficiency & fuel switching

#### LNG ushers in a new global gas order



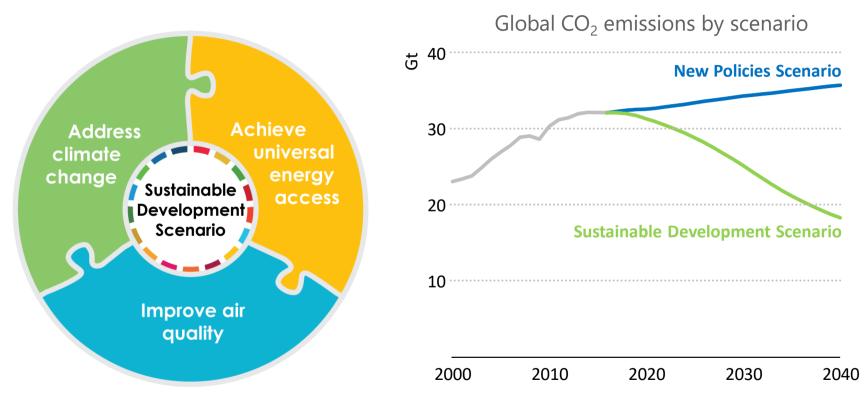




Growing gas import requirements in developing Asia, Japan and Korea are largely met by LNG, with exports from the US accelerating a shift towards a more flexible, liquid global market

#### A new strategy for energy & sustainable development





The Sustainable Development Scenario reduces CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in line with the objectives of the Paris Agreement, while also tackling air pollution and achieving universal energy access

#### Stronger policies for a more sustainable world



The Sustainable Development Scenario in 2040

875
million electric vehicles

times more efficient than today

3250<sub>GW</sub> global solar PV capacity

580 bcm additional gas demand

Only 15% additional investment is required to 2040 to achieve the Sustainable Development Scenario, with two-thirds of energy supply investment going to electricity generation & networks

#### Conclusions



- The oil & gas boom in the United States is shaking up the established order, with major implications for markets, trade flows, investment & energy security
- The versatility of natural gas means that it is well placed to grow, but it cannot afford price spikes or uncertainty over methane leaks
- China continues to shape global trends, but in new ways as its "energy revolution" drives cost reductions for a wide range of clean energy technologies
- Our strategy for sustainable energy shows that concerted action to address climate change is fully compatible with global goals on universal access & air quality
- Electrification & digitalisation are the future for many parts of the global energy system, creating new opportunities but also risks that policy makers have to address



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